TSAWOUT FIRST NATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

TSAWOUT FIRST NATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2025

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TSAWOUT FIRST NATION
7728 Tetavut Rd

Saanichton, B.C. V8M 2E4

Management's Report

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of Tsawout First Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by Chief and Council.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards prescribed for government entities as recommended by the Public

Sector Accounting Board of the CPA Canada and as such include amounts that are the best estimates and judgments of management.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these statements and for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that

reliable financial information is produced.

Chief and Council are responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and

approving the financial statements.

Chief and Council meet periodically with management, as well as the external auditor, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to

review the financial statements and the external auditor's report.

The external auditors, Brynjolfson CPA Inc., conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to financial management of Tsawout First Nation and

meet when required.

On behalf of Tsawout First Nation:

Band Administrator

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Brynjolfson CPA Inc. Chartered Professional Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Tsawout First Nation:

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Tsawout First Nation (the Entity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, and the statement of operations, the statement of changes in net financial assets, and the statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2025 and its results of operations, its changes in its net financial assets, and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to

influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Entity to express an opinion on the financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Entity's audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

August 12, 2025 Victoria, B.C.

Chartered Professional Accountant

Brygilfon CPA Inc.

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2025

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Financial Assets		
Cash, Note 4 Accounts Receivable, Note 7 Advances to related parties, Note 9 Investment in Government Business Enterprise, Note 8 Ottawa Trust Funds, Notes 4 & 5	17,335,880 2,929,510 6,796,055 814,812 584,153	7,024,957 1,936,089 681,409 724,695 582,486
	28,460,410	10,949,636
Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities, Note 14 Due to related party, Note 9 Long-term Debt, Note 11 Replacement and Operating Reserves, Note 12	2,380,777 8,279,854 2,284,617 12,945,248	774,015 564,628 2,955,508 2,399,698 6,693,849
Net Financial Assets	15,515,162	4,255,787
Non-Financial Assets Tangible Capital Assets, Note 10 Prepaid Expenses	21,723,078 135,944 21,859,022	18,730,867 <u>75,968</u> <u>18,806,835</u>
Accumulated Surplus, Note 20	37,374,184	23,062,622

Approved by Chief and Council:

Contingent liabilities, Note 15

Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Revenue	<u>Budget</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Indigenous Services Canada (ISC)	12,154,210	12 154 210	7 105 100
First Nations Health Authority	2,007,208	12,154,210 2,007,208	7,185,122 1,350,371
Government of Canada – FNGST	2,234,448	7,616,825	2,190,636
Property Taxation	1,611,486	1,558,400	1,433,094
Rentals, Leases and Rental Subsidies	978,165	1,088,579	1,215,182
Other	10,830,618	11,912,192	8,192,761
Net income - Government Business Enterprise	10,000,010	114,425	105,378
Funding Recoveries (ISC)	(6,246)	(6,246)	100,010
· anding recoveries (188)	<u>(0,2 10)</u>	(0,210)	
	29,809,889	36,445,593	21,672,544
Expenses			
Governance and Administration	2,124,511	1,808,351	1,756,332
Social Development	1,202,181	1,515,173	1,787,445
Lands Management	1,614,077	2,093,684	1,236,635
Public Works (O & M and Capital)	10,032,712	6,915,781	5,246,704
Economic Development	933,009	991,240	275,760
Health	1,918,446	1,884,442	2,726,593
FNGST Programs	580,140	580,140	499,200
Fisheries	2,068,640	1,962,839	1,789,022
Property Taxation	1,832,995	1,755,914	1,509,639
Recreation and Community Facilities	23,742	39,049	22,360
Housing	638,961	678,655	1,188,244
Education Support	1,623,117	1,889,270	1,776,536
Trust Funds	<u>23,731</u>	<u>19,493</u>	67,074
	24,616,262	22,134,031	19,881,544
Annual surplus (deficit)	<u>5,193,627</u>	14,311,562	1,791,000
Accumulated Surplus, Beginning of Year		23,062,622	21,271,662
Accumulated Surplus, End of Year		37,374,184	23,062,622

Segment Disclosure, Note 19 & 21

For the Year Ending March 31, 2025

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

	<u>2025</u>	2024
Annual surplus	14,311,562	1,791,000
Tangible capital assets:		
Acquisition and adjustments of tangible capital assets	(4,094,779)	(794,162)
Amortization of tangible capital assets in operations	1,102,568	1,134,064
	<u>11,319,351</u>	2,130,902
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	(135,944)	(75,968)
Use of prepaid expenses	75,968	86,497
	(<u>59,976)</u>	10,529
Increase in financial assets	11,259,375	2,141,431
Net financial assets at beginning of year	4,255,787	<u>2,114,356</u>
Net financial assets at end of year	<u>15,515,162</u>	4,255,787

Note: 2025 budget figures are not available.

For the Year Ending March 31, 2025

Statement of Cash Flow

	<u>2025</u>	2024
Operating Activities		
Annual surplus	14,311,562	1,791,000
Items not affecting cash:		, ,
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,102,568	1,134,064
Net income from government business enterprise	(90,117)	(79,378)
Accounts receivable	(993,421)	371,019
Ottawa Trust Funds	(1,667)	1,313
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	1,606,762	199,539
Reserves	(115 001)	(92 E0E)
Prepaid expenses	(115,081) (59,976)	(82,595)
Cash provided by operating activities	15,760,630	<u>10,529</u> 3,345,491
Such provided by operating delivines	10,700,000	5,545,481
Capital Activities		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(4,094,779)	(794, 162)
Investing Activities		
Advances to related parties	(6,679,274)	<u>(116,781)</u>
Financing Activities		
Proceeds of long term debt	5 761 246	
Repayment of long term debt	5,761,246 (436,900)	(1,639,160)
repayment or long term dept	5,324,346	(1,639,160)
	0,024,040	(1,000,100)
Increase in cash during year	10,310,923	795,388
		+0 - 000 F 700 F 500 F 900 F 0
Cash at beginning of year	7,024,957	6,229,569
Cash at end of year	<u>17,335,880</u>	7,024,957
DEDDECENTED DV		
REPRESENTED BY Cash	40 707 000	4 470 04 4
Restricted cash	12,797,666	4,170,214
Nestricted (asi)	<u>4,538,214</u>	2,854,743
	17,335,880	7,024,957
	17,000,000	1,021,001

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Tsawout First Nation (the "First Nation") is an Indian Band as defined by the Indian Act. The First Nation manages various programs offered by Indigenous Services Canada and other funding agents to benefit its members. The First Nation also represents its members in the negotiation of treaty settlement and specific land claims.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government entities as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the CPA Canada.

a) Reporting Entity

The reporting entity includes the Tsawout First Nation government and all related entities which are accountable to the First Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

b) Principles of Consolidation

Generally, financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and results of operations for entities which are controlled by the First Nation. Controlled entities are consolidated, except for government business enterprises (GBE), and government business partnerships (GBP), which are accounted for by the modified equity method. All inter-fund and interorganization transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

There are no controlled entities that are consolidated in the financial statements.

The First Nation records its investments in GBE and GBP on the modified equity basis. Under this basis, the GBE and GBP accounting policies are not adjusted to conform with those of the First Nation and inter-entity transactions and balances are not eliminated. The First Nation recognizes its equity interest in the annual earnings or loss of the GBE and GBP in its statement of operations with a corresponding increase or decrease in its investment asset account. Any dividends or other cash distributions that the First Nation may receive from the GBE and GBP will be reflected as deductions in the investment asset account.

The government business enterprises accounted for on a modified equity basis are Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd. (20% interest), Tsawout Economic Development Corporation (100% interest) and 142619 B.C. Ltd (100% interest). Only Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd. has been currently active for some time; the other two corporations are recent start-ups.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks net of bank overdrafts and term deposits having a maturity of three months or less at acquisition which are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

d) Trust Funds

Trust funds are included as revenue in these statements only to the extent they have been received from the First Nation's trust funds. The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

e) Deferred Revenue

Under the terms of the contribution agreement between the First Nation, Indigenous Services Canada and certain other agencies, the First Nation may be liable to repay any contributed funds either not expended or not expended in accordance with the agreement. Also, any deficit, supported by claims eligible for reimbursement under the terms and conditions of the funding agreements, may be reimbursed by the contributor subject to the program's terms and conditions. The First Nation has recorded all known unexpended contribution funds as deferred revenue and/or accounts payable.

f) Long-term Debt

Loan proceeds related to the financing of tangible capital assets are recorded as revenue in the appropriate fund. The loan amount is also recorded as a liability on the Statement of Financial Position and as a reduction in the Tangible Capital Asset Fund.

Debt payments, including principal and interest, are charged to the fund to which they relate. Principal reductions are reflected as a reduction in the liability with an offsetting increase in the Tangible Capital Asset Fund.

g) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset.

Land development is measured at cost for legal, consulting and engineering work needed to prepare the lands for subsequent property development agreement(s).

Amortization is provided for on a straight-line basis, over the expected useful life of the assets at the following rates:

Infrastructure	2%
Buildings	3%
Non-CMHC Housing	5%
CMHC Housing	6%
Equipment – communication	5%
Equipment – construction & yard	5%
Equipment – classroom	7%
Equipment – marine	10%
Equipment – office	20%
Equipment – computer	33%
Vehicles	20%

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the First Nation's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations.

Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded into revenues at their fair value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, in which case they are recognized at nominal value. Transfers of tangible capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value.

Certain assets which have historical or cultural value, including works of art, historical documents and historical and cultural artifacts, are not recognized as tangible capital assets.

h) Revenue Recognition

Government Funding:

The First Nation recognizes a government transfer as revenue when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria, if any, have been met. A government transfer with stipulations giving rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability is recognized as such. In these circumstances, the First Nation recognized revenue as the liability is settled. Transfers of non-depreciable assets are recognized in revenue when received or receivable.

First Nation Capital and Revenue Trust Fund:

The First Nation recognizes revenues of the Capital and Revenue Trust Fund at the time funds are contributed from the accounts held in Ottawa. Interest revenue is recognized when earned.

Housing Rental Income:

Rental revenue is recorded in the year it is earned. At the end of each year management evaluates whether rent revenue is collectible and records a bad debt expense and allowance for doubtful accounts for those amounts designated as unlikely to be collected.

Own Source Revenue:

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or the service performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

i) Measurement Uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements for the First Nation, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include allowance for doubtful accounts and amortization. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

j) Segmented disclosure

A segment is defined as a distinguishable activity or group of activities of a government for which it is appropriate to separately report financial information to achieve the objectives of the standard.

k) Employee Future Benefits

Tsawout First Nation and its employees make contributions to a group Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP). This plan is a defined contribution plan and contributions by Tsawout First Nation to the plan are expensed as incurred.

Sick leave benefits also accrue to Tsawout First Nation employees. However, the liability expires at the end of each calendar year for any unused benefits.

1) Financial Instruments

The First Nation initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value at the acquisition date. It subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets are tested for impairment at each year-end. If the financial asset's fair value subsequently improves, the impairment loss is reversed up to the carrying amount at which it would have normally been recorded prior to the impairment.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS

The financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The financial liabilities are accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. The significant risks and concentration of risks arising from financial instruments are as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party to a financial instrument might fail to meet its obligations under the terms of the financial instrument. The First Nation's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk are cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The First Nation's cash and cash equivalents are maintained in high quality financial institutions to mitigate the risk. Accounts receivable are subject to credit risk and an allowance for doubtful accounts is determined each year-end.

Interest rate risk

The First Nation has fixed interest rates on most of its long-term debt. There are some demand bank loans that have floating interest rates, which are subject to cash flow risk if interest rates increase in the future.

Management doesn't believe that other financial instrument risks are significant and there isn't a significant change in the risk exposure from the previous year.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Externally restricted	_	_
Housing, taxation and gaming	4,538,213	2,854,743
Ottawa Trust	<u>584,153</u>	582,486
	5,122,366	3,437,299

Unrestricted Cash	12,797,667	4,170,214
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,920,033	7,607,443

Externally restricted – Operating Reserve:

Under the terms of the agreements with CMHC, excess revenues over expenditures for the Post 1996 phases may be retained in an Operating Reserve. These funds, along with accumulated interest, must be held in a separate bank account and/or invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as may otherwise be approved by CMHC from time to time. The funds may be used to offset future deficits. Withdrawals are credited to interest first and the principal. At the year end, the reserve was over-funded by \$27,758 (2024 over-funded by \$42,361).

Externally restricted – Replacement Reserves:

Under the terms of the agreement with CMHC, the replacement reserve accounts are to be credited in the amount of \$14,550 annually. These funds, along with accumulated interest, must be held in a separate bank account and/or invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as may otherwise be approved by CMHC from time to time. The funds in the account may only be used as approved by CMHC. At year end, the reserve was over-funded by \$24,101 (2024 over-funded by \$275,562).

5. TRUST FUNDS HELD BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Trust fund accounts arise from moneys derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds are primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

	Opening			2025	2024
	Balance	Additions	Withdraws	Total	Total
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Revenue	9,838	21,159	19,492	11,505	9,838
Capital	572,648			572,648	572,648
	<u>582,486</u>	<u>21,159</u>	<u>19,492</u>	<u>584,153</u>	582,486

6. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The government of Tsawout First Nation receives a major portion of its revenue from Indigenous Services Canada. The nature and extent of this revenue is of such significance that the First Nation is economically dependent on this source of revenue.

7. A	CCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	ISC	\$ 611,387	\$ 426,481
•	Fisheries	12,315	280,120
•	Rents Social Housing	1,208,879	1,088,330
•	Other	1,583,717	969,941
•	Taxation	367,225	186,917
•	Utility Fees	<u>931,827</u>	<u>765,751</u>
		4,715,350	3,717,540
	Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(1,785,840)	(1,781,451)

8. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

A. Tsawout First Nation owns 20% of Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd. The investment consists of the following:

\$ 2,929,510

\$ 1,936,089

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd.	\$ 796,024	\$ <u>724,695</u>

The following table presents condensed financial information for this commercial enterprise:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Current assets	\$ 618,609	\$ 734,421
Non-current assets	4,093,218	3,569,809
Total assets	\$ <u>4,711,827</u>	\$ 4,304,230
Current liabilities	\$ 484,021	\$ 260,591
Non-current liabilities	247,688	420,163
Total liabilities	731,709	680,754
Equity	3,980,118	3,623,476
Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>4,711,827</u>	\$ <u>4,304,230</u>
Revenue	\$ 1,802,106	\$ 1,984,891
Expenses	1,328,118	1,374,559
Net income	\$ 473,988	\$ 610,332

B. Tsawout First Nation owns 1	7% of K'enes Transportation LLP.	The investment consists of
the following:	•	

2025 2024 \$ 17,778 \$ 2,820

K'enes Transportation LLP

The following table presents condensed financial information for this commercial enterprise:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Current assets	\$ 188,266	\$ 68,363
Non-current assets	284,649	321,326
Total assets	\$ <u>472,915</u>	\$ 389,689
Current liabilities	\$ 326,600	\$ 239,817
Non-current liabilities	41,737	133,281
Total liabilities	368,337	373,098
Equity	104,578	16,591
Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>472,915</u>	\$ 389,689
Revenue	\$ 816,944	\$ 607,591
Expenses	728,957	498,022
Net income	\$ <u>87,987</u>	\$ 109,569

9. INVESTMENT IN FIRST NATION CONTROLLED BUSINESS ENTITIES

		Mar 31 2025
Tsawout Economic Development Corp. (compiled information):		-
- advances to company	\$	714,492
- share capital		1
- equity (loss)		(59,861)
Total	9	654,632

Financial information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 prepared from compiled financial information is as follows:

	<u>Assets</u>	Liabilities	Revenues	Expenses	Loss
Year ended March 31, 2025	\$ 654,632	\$714,492	\$ 1,050	\$ 60,911	\$(59,861)

Although the investment in a controlled business enterprise is normally accounted for using the modified equity method, only the due (to) from Tsawout Economic Development Corp are recorded. No significant difference results. Tsawout First Nation owns 100% of Tsawout Economic Development Corp.

 142619 B.C. Ltd. (a band construction company; compiled information): due (to) from corporation share capital equity income Total 	Mar. 31 2025 764,553 1 (2,029) 762,525
Financial information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 prepared fro financial information is as follows:	
Assets Liabilities Revenues Expens	ses Income
Year ended March 31, 2025 \$1,710,062 \$1,712,090 \$ - \$	<u>-</u> \$
Although the investment in a controlled business enterprise is normally account modified equity method, only the advances due (to) / from Tsawout Constructorded. No significant difference results. Tsawout First Nation owns 100% Ltd.	truction Corp are
3000	Mar 31 <u>2025</u> 5,346,370
	(251,025) 5,095,345
Financial information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 prepared from c financial information is as follows:	ompiled
Assets Liabilities Revenues Expense	<u>Loss</u>
Year ended March 31, 2025 \$5,135,135 \$5,386,160 \$ - \$250,68	<u>\$ (250,687)</u>
Although the investment in a controlled business enterprise is normally account	nted for using the

Although the investment in a controlled business enterprise is normally accounted for using the modified equity method, only the due (to) from Tsawout Land Trust Society is recorded. No significant difference results. Tsawout First Nation owns 100% of Tsawout Land Trust Society.

	Mar 31 2025
Tsawout Housing Association (compiled information):	
- advances from association	\$ (29,360)
- equity (loss)	29,360
Total	\$

Financial information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 prepared from compiled financial information is as follows:

	<u>Assets</u>	Liabilities	Revenues	Expenses	Income
Year ended March 31, 2025	\$ 29,360	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 20,640	\$ 29,360

Although the investment in a controlled business enterprise is normally accounted for using the modified equity method, only the due (to) from Tsawout Housing Association is recorded. No significant difference results. Tsawout First Nation owns 100% of Tsawout Housing Association.

10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

		COST	COST AMORTIZ			ATION		
	1 0	Additions (Deletions)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Amorti- zation	Closing Balance	2025 Balance	2024 Balance
Buildings	11,224,107	-	11,224,107	4,912,94	336,723	5,249,667	5,974,440	6,311,163
Building – in progres		2,511,529	2,511,529	¥,	*	(2)	2,511,529	
Longhouse	5,066,717	=	5,066,717	152,002	152,002	304,004	4,762,713	4,914,715
Equipment	938,580	144,879	1,083,459	856,285	49,549	905.834	177,625	82,295
Infrastructure	6,979,394	i B	6,979,394	2,038,026	139,588	2,177,614	4,801,780	4,941,368
Equipment - auto	876,439	42,794	919,233	454,586	183,847	638,433	280,800	421,853
Equipment - marine	1,442,352	-	1,442,352	329,404	144,235	473,639	968,713	1,112,948
Land development	329,763	855,000	1,184,763		(m)	(€)5	1,184,763	329,763
Software	12/	86,300	86,300	12,764	16.002	28,766	57,534	6,311,163
Social Housing	4,571,857	467,042	5,038,899	3,955,095	80,623	4,035,718	1,003,181	616,762
TOTALS	31,429,209	4,107,544	35,536,753	12,711,106	1,102,569	13,813,675	21,723,078	18,730,867
11. LONG-TERM				_		<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>
Bank of Montreal, fixed rate term loan, interest at 2.85% per annum, secured by a general security agreement, payments of \$37,148 per month amortized over 25 years, due July 2030 (loan on building)				1,960,003	3 2,3	307,273		

11. LON	G-TERM DEBT (continued from pre	evious page)	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
month inc	e payable with payments of \$2,257 pe cluding interest at 1.69% per annum, 2024, secured by ministerial guarante hister of Indigenous Services Canada	ee	<u>;e</u>	9,007
for the purpose for the payments 30 years,	ons Finance Authority Promissory No rchase of Puckle Road Property, with s of \$28,108 per month, amortized over including interest at 4.47% calculated ually each year,	n er	5,295,443	ي .
	payable with payments of \$2,382 pe	r	3,233, 3	
month inc	cluding interest at 2.27% per annum, 2027, secured by ministerial guarant			
	nister of Indigenous Services Canada		58,130	85,240
	payable with payments of \$3,042 pe cluding interest at 1.86% per annum,	r		
due April	2024, secured by ministerial guarante			
of the Mir	nister of Indigenous Services Canada		<i>€</i>	6,084
	payable with payments of \$2,935 per cluding interest at 3.81% per annum,	-		
due Janu	ary 2028, secured by ministerial guar hister of Indigenous Services Canada		04.407	125.014
	-		94,497	125,914
month inc	e payable with payments of \$2,588 pe cluding interest at 4.02% per annum,			
	h 1, 2029, secured by ministerial gua nister of Indigenous Services Canada		405,977	421,990
Mortgage	funds advanced for work-in-progress	5		
CMHC ho	pusing construction project, monthly pusing construction project, monthly public determined, interest at 2.97%, secure	ayments		
	l guarantee of the Minister of Indigen		405.004	
	Canada		465,804	
Total			8,279,854	<u>2,955,508</u>
Anticipate	d annual principal repayments over tl	ne next five y	ears:	
Year 1		Year 4	544,530	
Year 2 Year 3	581,720 561,345	Year 5	425,000	

12. SOCIAL HOUSING RESERVES

a) Replacement Reserve

Under the terms of the agreement with CMHC, a replacement reserve is maintained to provide for future asset replacement. These funds, along with accumulated interest, must be held in a separate bank account. Use of these funds is restricted to expenditures approved by CMHC.

b) Operating Reserve

Under the terms of the agreement with CMHC (Section 95, Post 1997 on Reserve Program), any surplus revenue will be retained within an Operating Reserve. These funds, along with accumulated interest, must be held in a separate bank account. Use of these funds is restricted to ongoing operating costs of housing projects committed under the Post 1997 On Reserve Program.

13. EXPENSES BY OBJECT	2025	2024
Wages and benefits	\$ 6,924,925	\$ 5,478,649
Amortization	1,102,568	1,134,065
Contracts	4,518,128	1,983,178
Grants and donations	616,140	532,290
Lease flow-through	590,539	604,369
Materials and supplies	1,495,674	1,333,684
Municipal services	2,213,604	2,081,238
Other	1,910,415	4,398,361
Professional fees	1,414,561	801,068
Social Assistance	1,347,477	1,534,643
	\$ <u>22,134,031</u>	\$ <u>19,881,545</u>

14. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Trade payables Accrued salaries and benefits payable	\$ 2,269,013 111,764	\$ 668,165 105,850
	\$ 2,380,777	\$ 774,015

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- a) Restricted unexpended surpluses can be recovered by the funding agency.
- b) The First Nation has Ministerial Guarantees for loan balances outstanding. The contingent liability as at year-end amounts to \$748,358 (2024 \$838,314).

16. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

Tsawout First Nation has a group Registered Retirement Savings Plan ("RRSP") for all eligible employees. All regular employees are eligible to participate in the plan. Contributions are 5.5% of annual salary by both the employer and the employee. RRSP contributions made and expensed by Tsawout First Nation for the year ended March 31, 2025 are \$163,078 (2024 - \$103,953).

17. BUDGETED FIGURES

Unaudited budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates provided by management.

18. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

			2025			2024
	Operating	Capital	Total	Operating	Capital	Total
Federal Govt Transfers:						
Indigenous Services Canada	6,628,981	5,525,229	12,154,210	4,761,560	2,423,562	7,185,122
Health Authority	1,966,722	40,486	2,007,208	1,240,849	109,522	1,350,371
СМНС	90,745	-	90,745	344,870	-	344,870
Other	2,463,204		2,463,204	4,100,591	=	4,100,591
Total	11,149,652	5,565,715	16,715,367	10,447,870	2,533,084	12,980,954
Provincial Govt Transfers:	932,521	1,567,871	2,500,392	381,803		381,803

19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Tsawout First Nation provides a wide range of services to its membership. For management reporting purpose, Tsawout First Nation's operations and activities are organized and reported by department. These departments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, as follows:

(a) Governance and Administration – this function pertains to all the general and administrative functions of Tsawout First Nation, including management, reception, accounting, human resource management, staff training, information technology and records.

19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued from previous page)

- (b) Social Development and Training this department delivers social assistance programs including basic needs, adult in home care and prevention programs.
- (c) Lands Management this department is responsible for managing all related activities pertaining to First Nations lands; the department records legally enforceable interests as well as ensures the accuracy of the land leases, and related data.
- (d) Public Works responsibilities include the care and maintenance of Tsawout First Nation infrastructure including government buildings, roads, water and sewer, and materials management.
- (e) Economic Development this department assists the community in identifying and developing economic development initiatives, links training opportunities and job creation with community labour needs, and undertakes research and planning.
- (f) Health this department delivers health and prevention services to the community including community nursing services, in home care, drug and alcohol counseling, diabetes counseling, head start programs and patient travel.
- (g) Capital this department is responsible for the planning and construction of new capital facilities and infrastructure, as well as overseeing new housing projects.
- (h) FNGST this department administers funds received from the federal government pertaining to the GST sharing agreement; responsibilities include management of the membership recreation grant program.
- (i) Fisheries this department manages the Nation's fisheries program(s).
- (j) Property Taxation this department operates under the Tsawout First Nation property tax system, and ensures that property tax funds are collected, tracked and segregated according to the Property Taxation bylaws and distributed according to the Annual Expenditure and Rates bylaws as per the provisions of the Tsawout First Nation Property Tax Expenditure bylaw.
- (k) Recreation and Community Facilities this department oversees the use of community facilities such as the gymnasium. It provides membership with activities to keep the community on a positive and productive track
- (l) Social Housing this department is engaged with the administration of band housing for members.

19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued from previous page)

- (m) Education Support Services the education department supports various education and training related programs including CSETS, the education committee, and daycare support.
- (n) Trust Funds oversees Ottawa Trust funds.

20. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Ottawa Trust Fund (restricted) Net invested in tangible capital assets Operations surplus –restricted Operations surplus - unrestricted	\$ 584,153 14,575,914 9,958,040 12,256,077	\$ 582,487 11,970,123 6,235,210 4,274,802
	\$ 37,374,184	\$ 23,062,622

21. SEGMENTED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

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Tsawout First Nation Schedule of Segmented Operations (Unaudited)

For the Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2025

(830,384) Totals - 2024 7,185,122 1,350,371 2,190,636 10,946,415 5,478,649 1,134,065 1,534,643 \$1,791,000 217,814 12,346,757 \$21,672,544 \$19,881,544 Totals - 2024 12,147,965 2,007,208 7,616,825 14,673,595 6,924,925 1,102,569 1,347,477 123,320 12,635,740 36,445,593 22,134,031 Trust Funds 21,159 \$21,159 19,493 19,493 1,205,564 473,669 128,897 80,623 462,040 \$678,655 7,095 \$1,000,578 \$1,679,233 594,670 534,320 1,077,972 898,409 \$317,692 \$2,206,962 990,861 \$1,889,270 Recreation & Community Facilities \$6,568 6,568 2,538 36,511 \$39,049 1,823,607 \$1,823,607 3,828 1,752,086 \$67,693 \$1,755,914 \$3,613,239 790,460 260,504.00 3,352,735 1,172,379 \$1,962,839 \$1,650,400 \$580,140 \$7,616,825 580,140 7,616,825 \$7,036,685 189,283 1,212,384 142,625 \$1,544,292 947,923 936,519 (\$340,150) \$1,884,442 Economic Development 41,816 386,579 \$991,240 1,050,635 604,661 \$101,211 \$1,092,451 Public Worke Capital and Infrastructure 7,346,267 4,654,194 1,706,355 4,114,085 1,021,946 73,395 \$6,915,781 \$5,084,680 \$12,000,461 538,920 1,131,934 \$1,670,854 418,078 1,675,606 \$2,093,684 (\$422,830) Governance & Social Development Administration & Training 1,454,777 (\$59,796) 900 1,347,477 25,115 142,581 \$1,455,377 \$1,515,173 \$1,714,565 (\$93,788) 937,897 1,410,653 39,002 358,696 \$1,808,351 Investment in Tangible Capital Program Delvery Costs and Other Debt Servicing and Interest Salaries and Benefits Program Recoveries Deferred Revenue Annual Surplus Direct Assistance Health Canada Amortization Revenue Expenses FN GST

Assets